

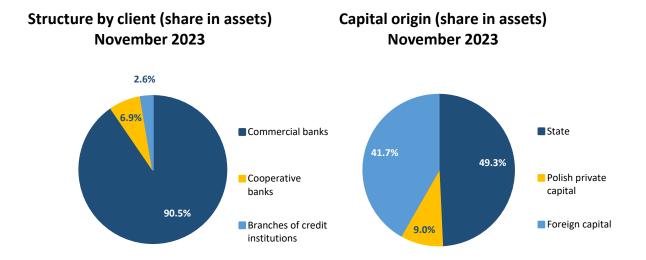
POLISH FINANCIAL SUPERVISION AUTHORITY

Banking sector data November 2023

Slide 2



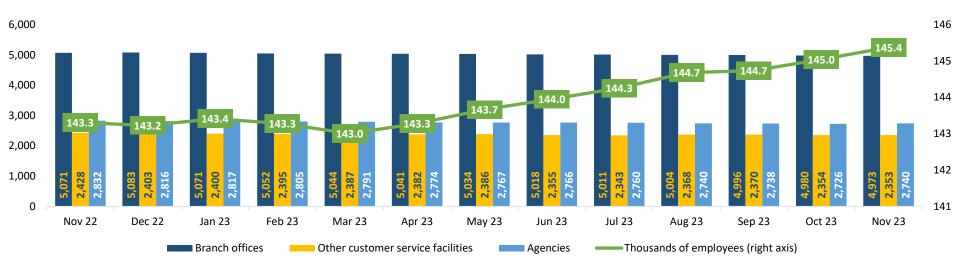
Banking sector structure



At the end of November 2023, there were:

- 29 commercial banks,
- 492 cooperative banks,
- 34 branches of credit institutions and foreign banks.

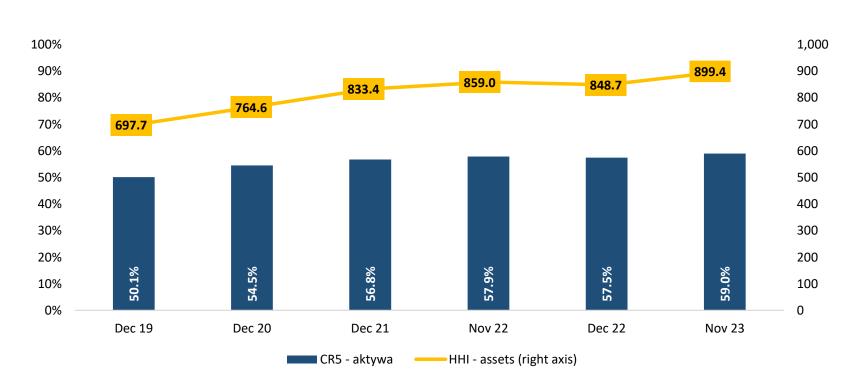
Banking network





Concentration of the banking sector

Concentration rates

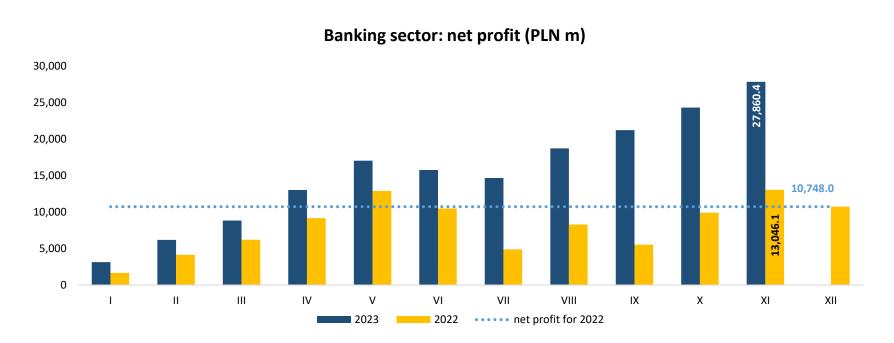


HHI – the Herfindahl-Hirschman index (the sum of squares of banks' shares in the banking sector assets) is a measure of market concentration. The index takes into account not only the number of entities but also their relative size.

 $\mathit{CR5}-\mathit{assets}-\mathit{an}$ indicator representing the shares of 5 banks with the highest balance-sheet total.

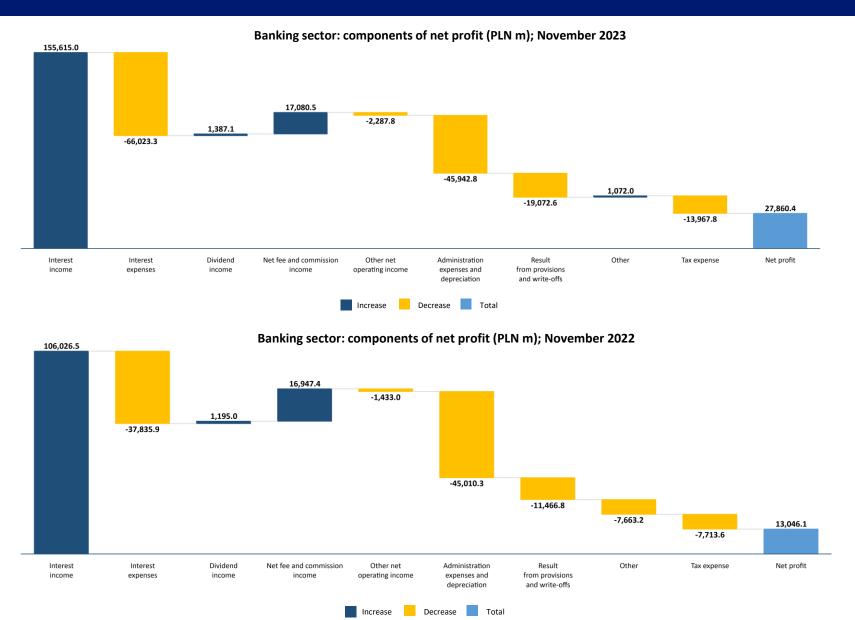
HHI of 899.4 indicates a competitive market.





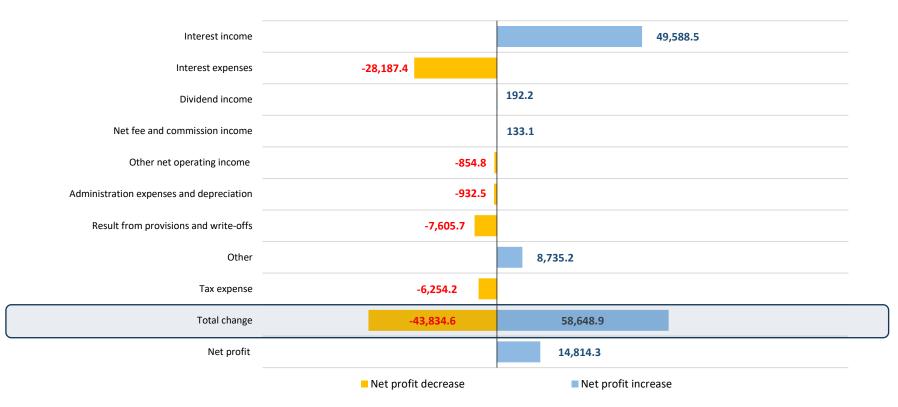
The net financial result at the end of November 2023 amounted to PLN 27.9 bn. It was higher by PLN 14.8 bn (+113.6% YoY) than the profit achieved by the sector at the end of November 2022 and higher by PLN 3.5 bn than the profit achieved at the end of October 2023 (+ 14.5% MoM).





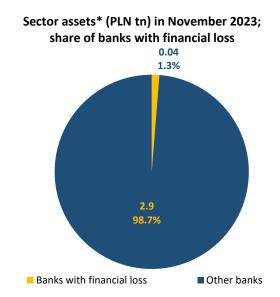


Banking sector: impact of changes in individual items of P&L on the financial result – YoY (PLN m); November 2023





- At the end of November 2023, commercial banks reported a total loss of PLN 6.3 bn. The assets of those banks accounted for approx. 1.3% of the sector's assets*.
- Other banks in the sector* reported a total profit of PLN 36.3 bn.

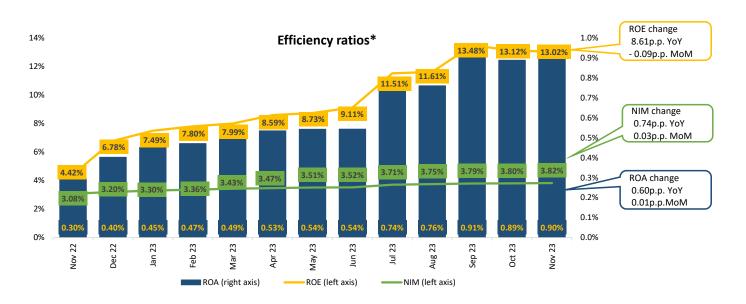


At the end of November 2023, the share of lossmaking banks was equal to:

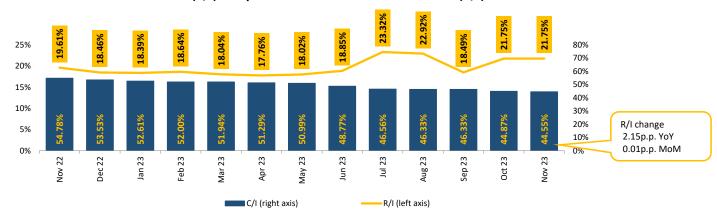
- 1.2% of the portfolio of receivables from the nonfinancial sector at commercial and cooperative banks;
- 0.5% of the portfolio of non-financial sector deposits at commercial and cooperative banks.



Banking sector efficiency



Cost to income (C/I) and provisions and write-offs to income (R/I)**



^{*/} ROA and ROE ratios: the financial result achieved over 12 subsequent months in relation to the average assets and average capital over 13 subsequent months. The ROE ratio refers to the aggregate of commercial and cooperative banking sector (excluding branches of credit institutions), the ROA ratio refers to the entire banking sector. NIM ratio: net interest income over 12 subsequent months in relation to average interest assets over 13 subsequent months.

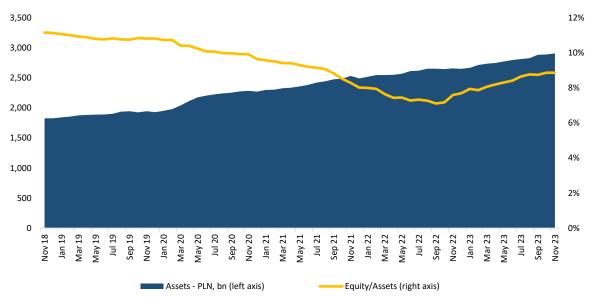
^{**/} C/I ratio: costs (operating costs + depreciation of fixed assets and intangible assets) in relation to income (total operating income, net); moving average of 12 months.

/ R/I ratio: write-offs and provisions (provisions + impairment or reversal of impairment) in relation to income (total operating income, net); moving average of 12 months.



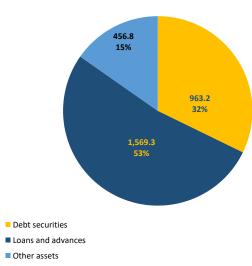
Balance sheet



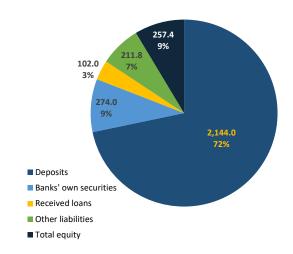


Balance sheet total (PLN bn)	Balance sheet total November 2023	Change MoM	Change YoY
Banking sector	2,989.3	21.8	9.1%
Commercial banks	2,703.9	15.7	9.3%
Cooperative banks	206.8	4.3	10.5%
Branches of creditinstitutions	78.7	1.8	-0.5%





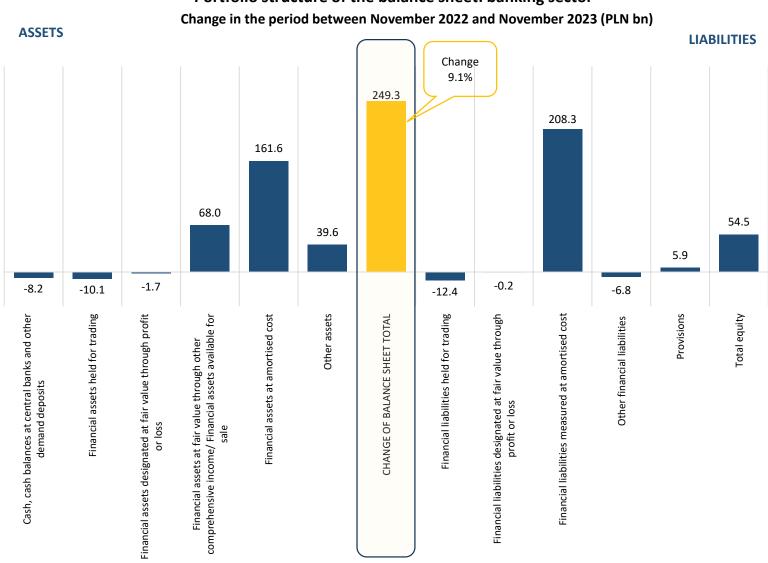
Balance sheet structure: liabilities* (PLN bn), November 2023





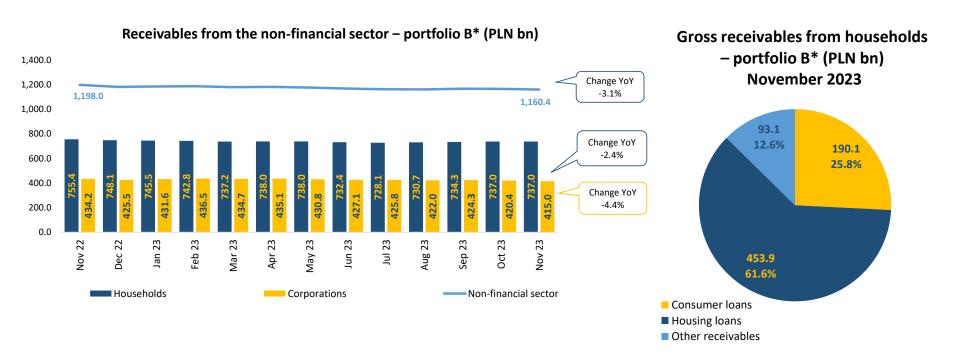
Balance sheet: YoY changes







Balance sheet: loans to the non-financial sector



The gross volume of loans to the non-financial sector decreased by PLN 5.42 bn (-0.5% MoM) in November 2023.

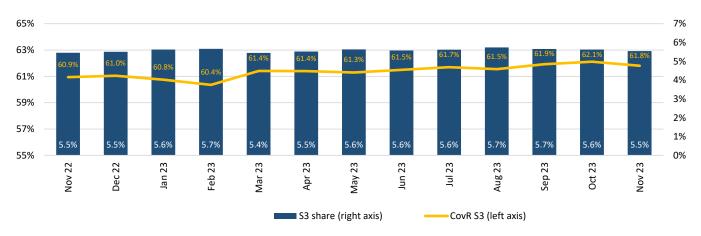
^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.



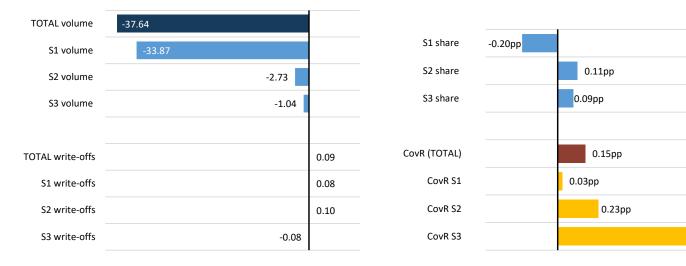
0.86pp

Non-financial sector receivables quality

TOTAL* receivables from the non-financial sector – quality of receivables and coverage ratio

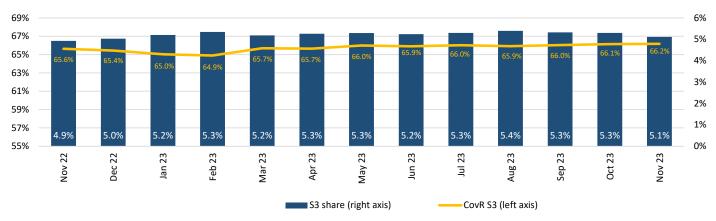


Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)

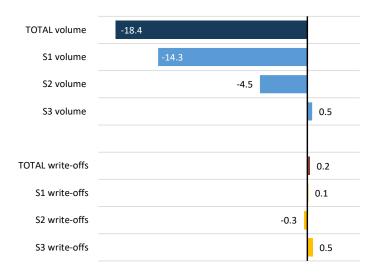


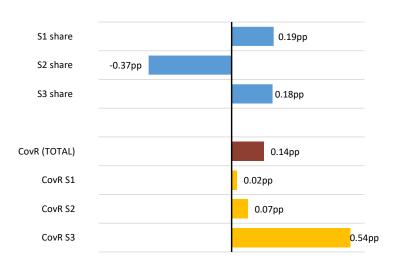


TOTAL* receivables from households – quality of receivables and coverage ratio



Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)

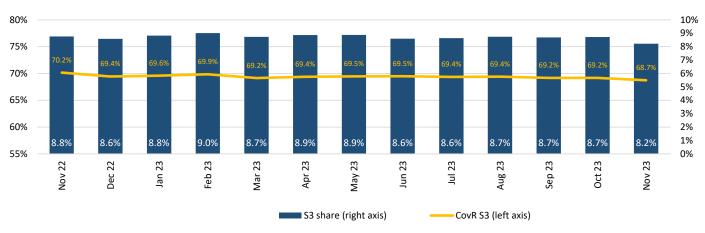




^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.

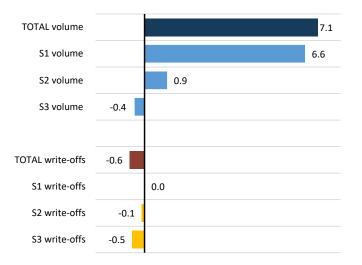


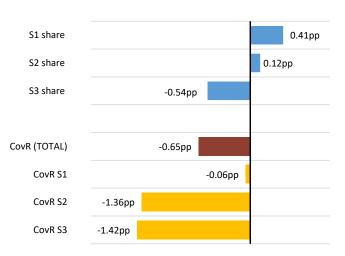
Consumer loans* - loan quality and coverage ratio



Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)

Change in the share of stages and coverage with write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (pp)

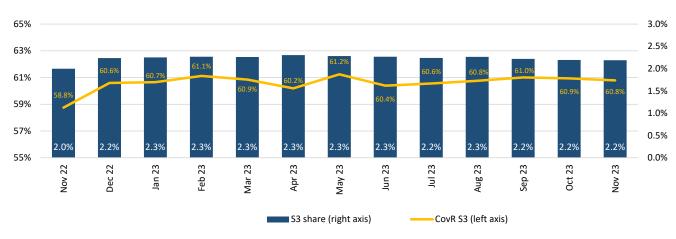




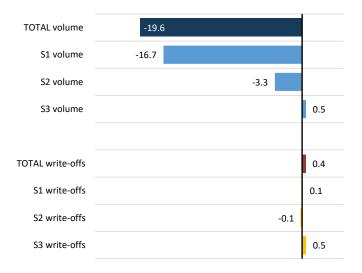
^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.

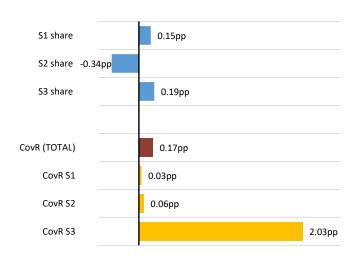


Housing loans* - loan quality and coverage ratio



Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)

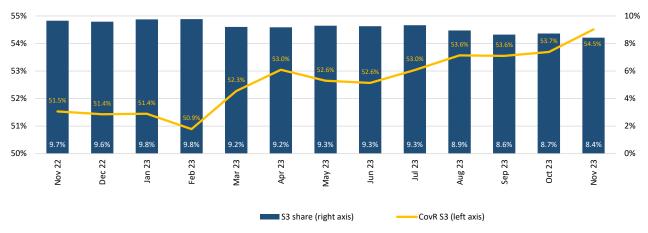




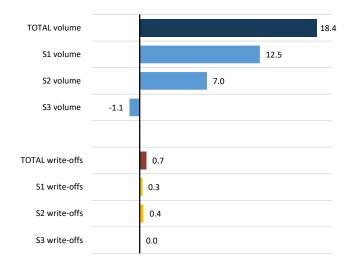
^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.

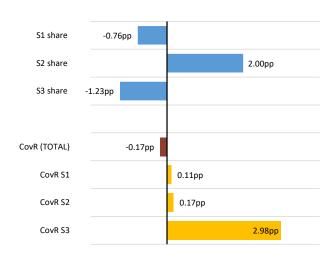


Loans to SMEs* - loan quality and coverage ratio



Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)





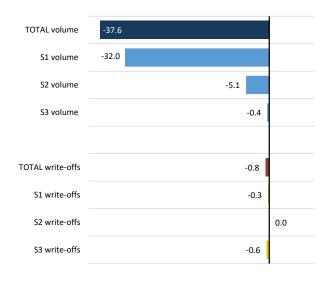
^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.

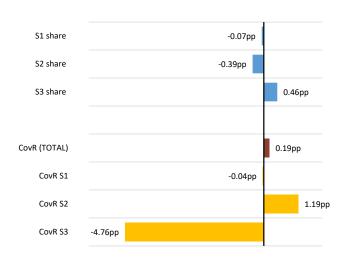


Loans to large enterprises* – loan quality and coverage ratio



Change in the gross volume of receivables and write-offs in the period between November 2022 and November 2023 (PLN bn)

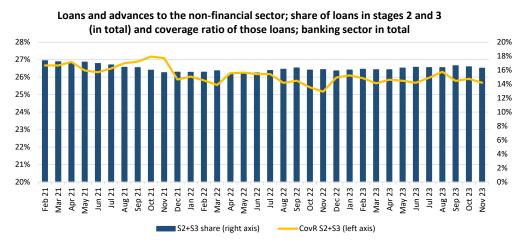




^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.

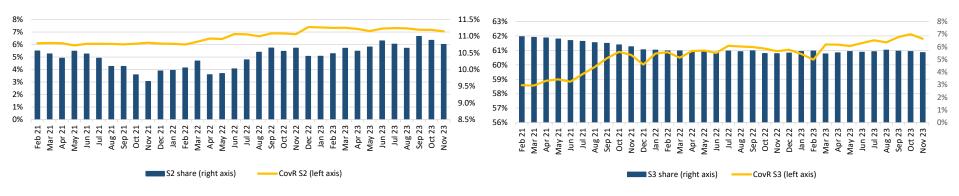


Loans and advances*: non-financial sector



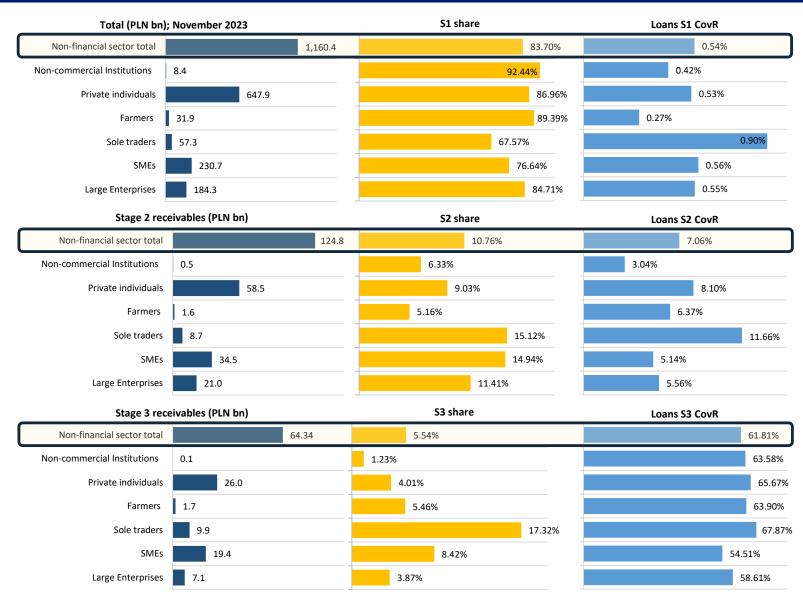
Loans and advances to the non-financial sector; share of loans in stage 2 and coverage ratio of those loans; banking sector in total

Loans and advances to the non-financial sector; share of loans in stage 3 and coverage ratio of those loans; banking sector in total





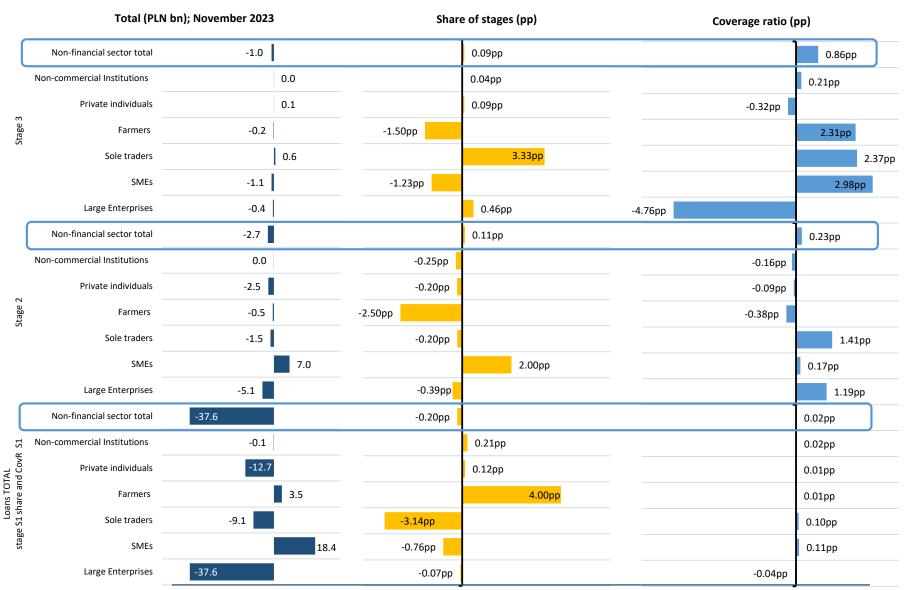
Loans and advances (gross)* by client



^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.



Loans and advances (gross)* by client – YoY change



^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.



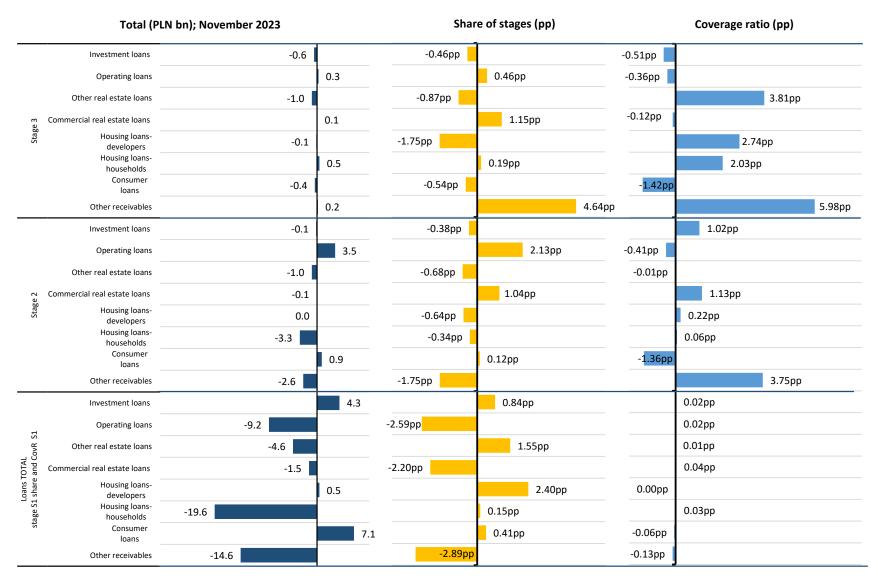
Loans and advances (gross)* by product



^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.



Loans and advances (gross)* by product – YoY change



^{*/} at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income; excluding debt securities.



Loans and advances*: non-financial sector

- Housing loans (gross) to households increased by PLN 2.7 bn to PLN 453.9 bn (+0.60% MoM; -4.1% YoY) in November 2023:
 - ✓ housing loans (gross) in PLN increased in November 2023 by PLN 4.3 bn to PLN 404.7 bn (+1.07% MoM; +3.3% YoY). As at the end of November 2023, PLN loans accounted for 89.2% of all housing loans to households;
 - ✓ housing loans (gross) in other currencies decreased compared to the previous month (-3.1% MoM; -39.7% YoY) to PLN 49.1 bn.
- Consumer loans (gross) increased in November 2023 by PLN 0.8 bn to PLN 190.1 bn (+0.4% MoM; +3.9% YoY).



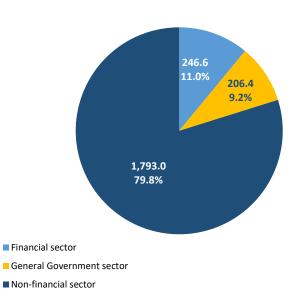
Loans and advances*: non-financial sector

- Operating loans (gross) to non-financial corporations decreased in November 2023 by PLN 2.5 bn to PLN 165.6 bn (-1.5% MoM; -7.6% YoY).
- Investment loans (gross) to non-financial corporations decreased in November 2023 by PLN 0.4 bn to PLN 157.9 bn (-0.3% MoM; +4.5% YoY).
- Impaired (stage 3) receivables from the non-financial sector in November 2023:
 - ✓ decreased by PLN 1.2 bn compared to previous month to PLN 64.3 bn (-1.88% MoM; -1.59% YoY)
 - √ dominant components were consumer loans (PLN 15.6 bn)
 and operating loans (PLN 17.5 bn)
 - ✓ the client structure was dominated by private individuals (PLN 26.0 bn) and SMEs (PLN 19.4 bn).

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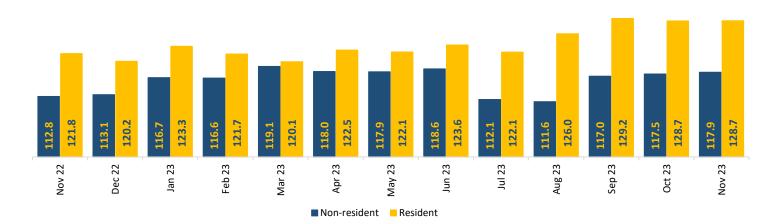
Balance sheet: liabilities

Deposits and received loans; November 2023 (PLN bn)

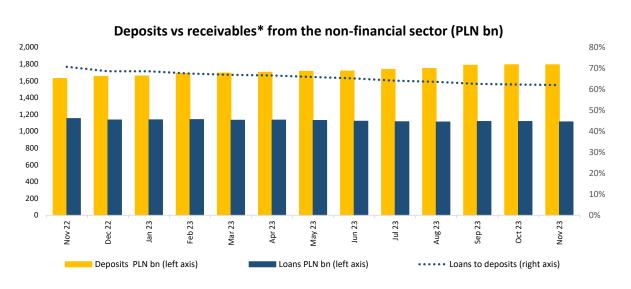


- The General Government deposits' share increased by 0.2 pp MoM to 9.2% in November 2023 (it was 9.0% at the end of 2022).
- The commitment of non-residents increased in November 2023 by PLN 0.4 bn (+0.3% MoM; +4.5% YoY) and the commitment of residents increased by PLN 0.02 bn (+0.01% MoM; +5.7% YoY).

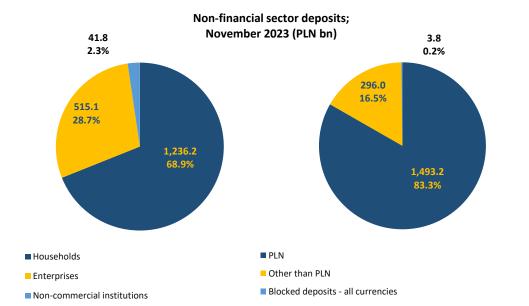
Financial sector deposits and loans (PLN bn)



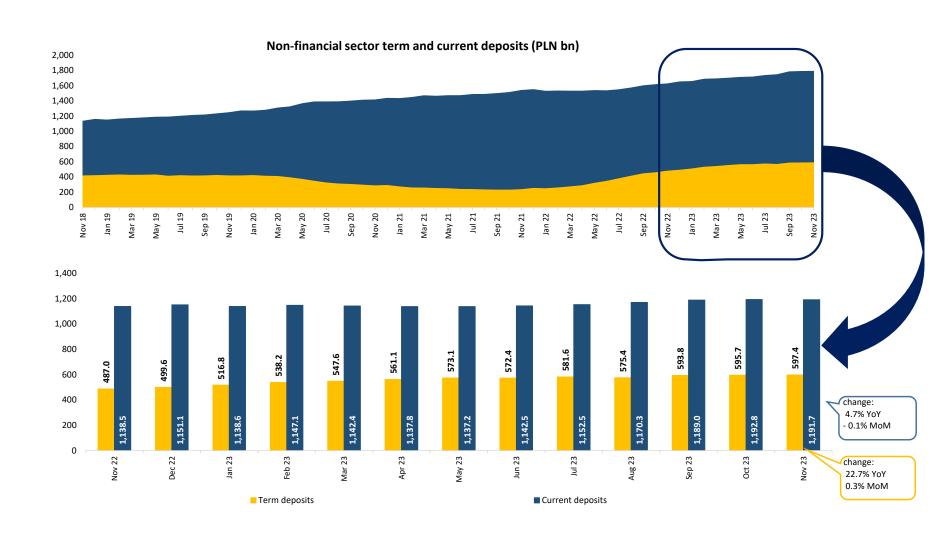




*/ loans at balance sheet value

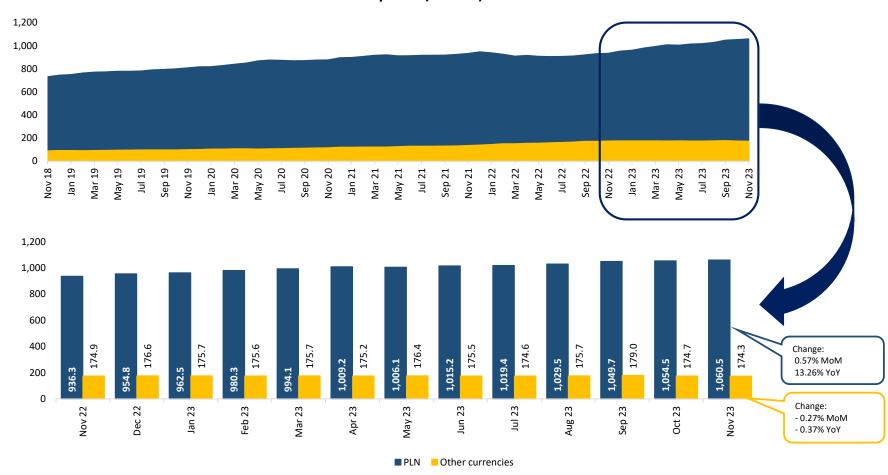


- In November 2023, the loan-todeposit ratio decreased to 62.0% (-0.2 pp MoM; -8.6 pp YoY).
- Non-financial sector deposits (including blocked deposits) in November 2023 increased by PLN 0.7 bn, to PLN 1 793.0 bn (+0.04% MoM; +10.0% YoY).
- Volume of households' deposits (68.9% of total non-financial sector deposits) increased in November by PLN 5.6 bn (+0.46% MoM; +11.1% YoY).

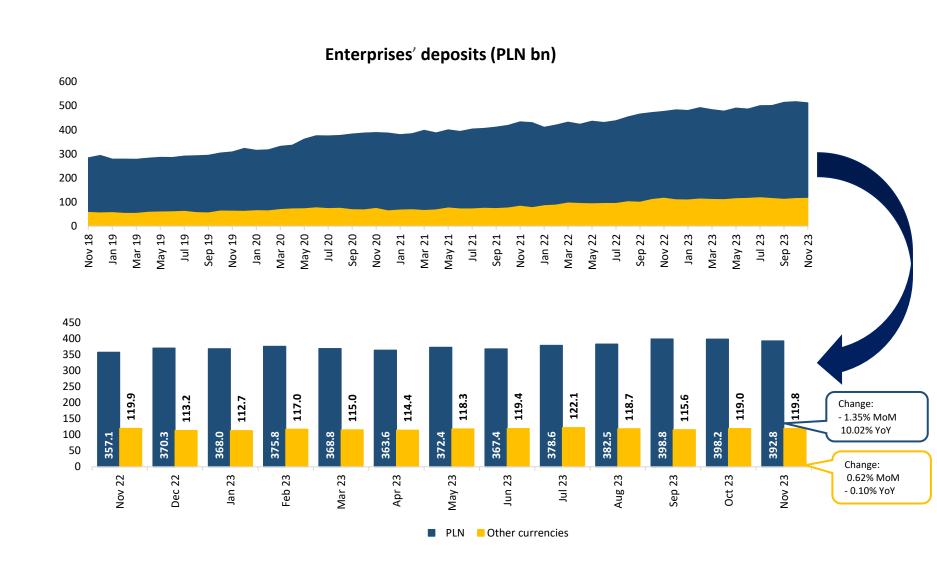








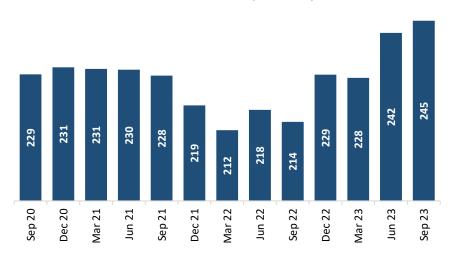






Capital adequacy: commercial and cooperative banks

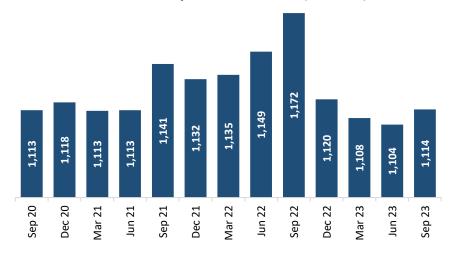




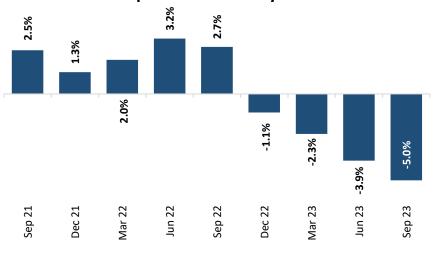
Own funds dynamics YoY



Total risk exposure amount (PLN bn)



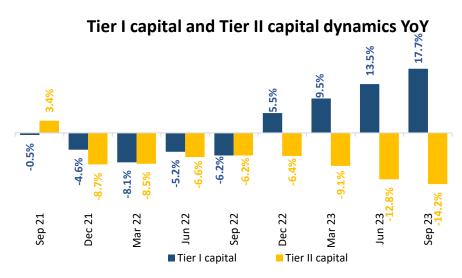
Total risk exposure amount dynamics YoY



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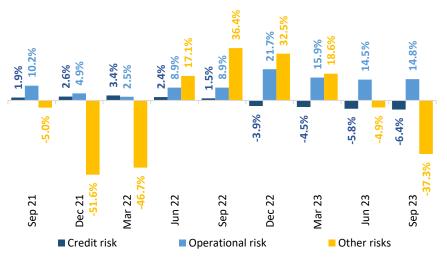
Capital adequacy: commercial and cooperative banks



Risk exposure amount (PLN bn)







In the third quarter of 2023:

- further increase in operational risk exposure and decrease in credit risk exposure amount,
- own funds increase by PLN 3.7 bn.

Capital situation of the banking sector remains stable.

2.90pp

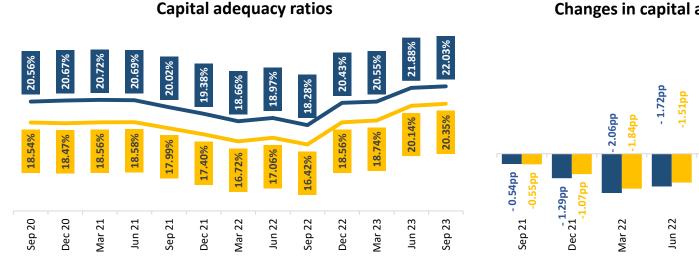
1.89pp

T1 ratio

1.05pp Dec 22 1.16pp POLISH FINANCIAL SUPERVISION AUTHORITY

URZAD

Capital adequacy: commercial and cooperative banks



T1 ratio

Changes in capital adequacy ratios YoY (p.p.)

- 1.74pp

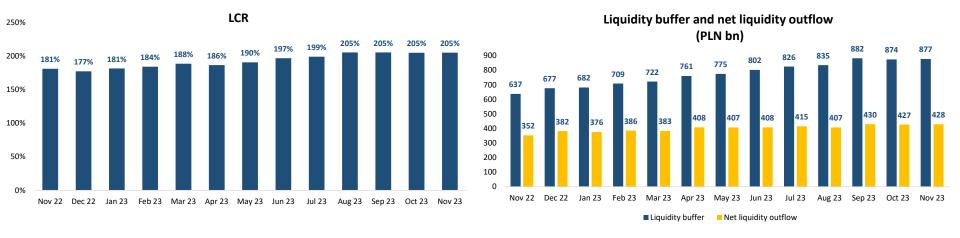
TCR

-1.57pp

As at the end of September 2023, capital adequacy ratios of the sector were 22.03% (TCR) and 20.35% (T1).

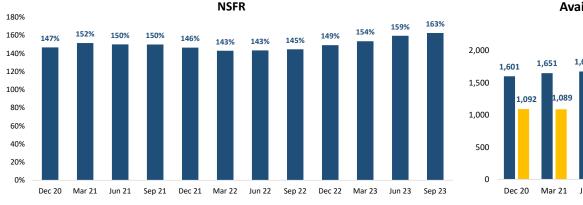


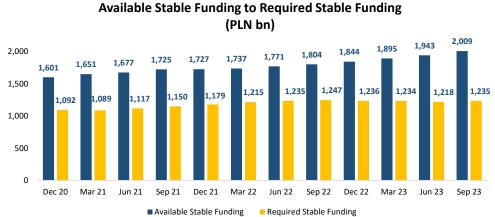
Liquidity



- At the end of November 2023, all commercial banks fulfilled the binding LCR requirement.
 For many months, the average LCR in the sector has been above the minimum requirement 100%.
- At the end of November 2023, LCR for commercial banks (excluding affiliating banks) amounted to 205%.

Liquidity



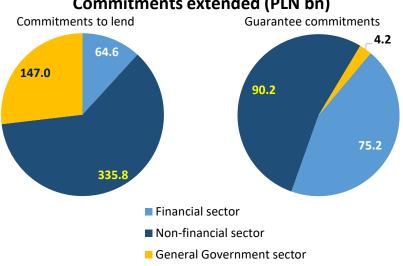


- For many months, the average NSFR in the commercial banks sector (excluding affiliating banks) has been above the 100% requirement, as required since 28 June 2021.
- At the end of September 2023:
 - NSFR of all commercial banks amounted to 163%,
 - all commercial banks fulfilled the requirement (100%).

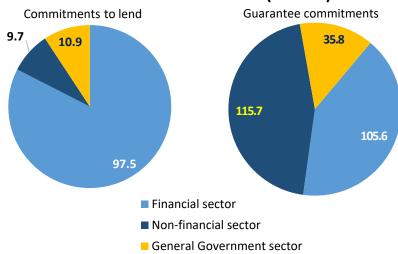


Off-balance-sheet commitments

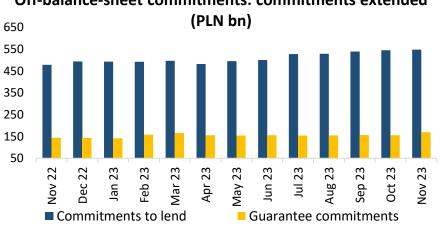
Off-balance-sheet commitments; November 2023 Commitments extended (PLN bn)



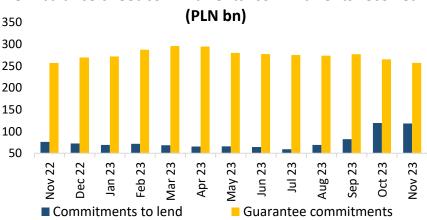
Off-balance-sheet commitments; November 2023 Commitments received (PLN bn)





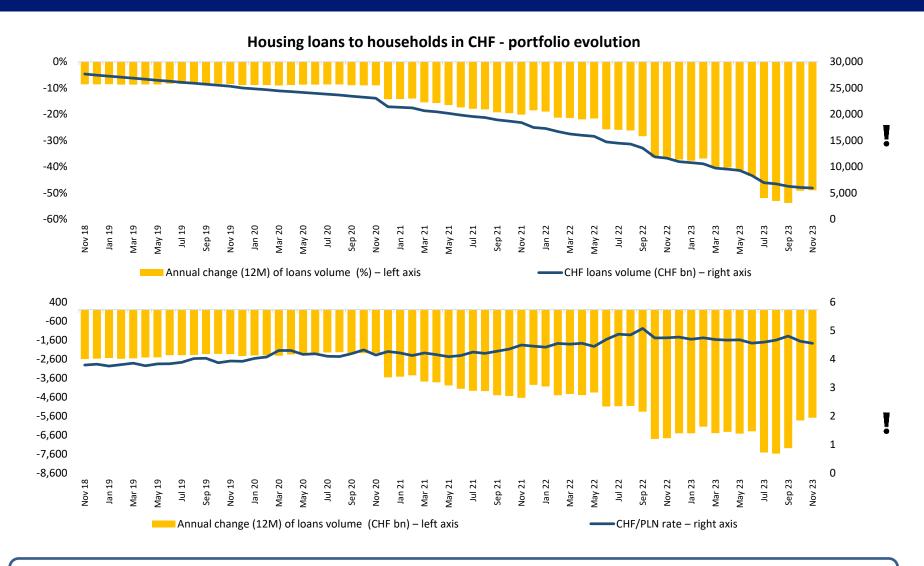


Off-balance-sheet commitments: commitments received



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Additional information

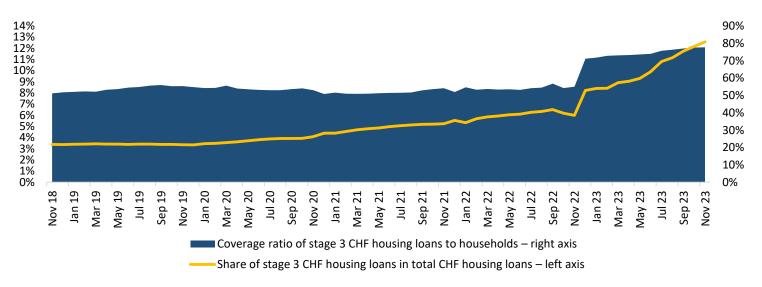


Due to the application of IFRS 9 to legal risk provisions, banks decreased the gross balance sheet value by the value of such provisions in the period from December 2020 to November 2023.



Additional information

Quality and coverage ratio of CHF housing loans to households



Number and volume of CHF housing loans to households

